## New Techniques in Computational photography

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#### Some (tentative) definitions

- computational imaging
  - any image formation method that requires a digital computer
  - first used in medical imaging and remote sensing
- computational photography
  - computational imaging techniques that enhance or extend the capabilities of digital photography
  - output is an ordinary photograph, but one that could not have been taken by a traditional camera

## 19 papers on computational photography at SIGGRAPH 2007

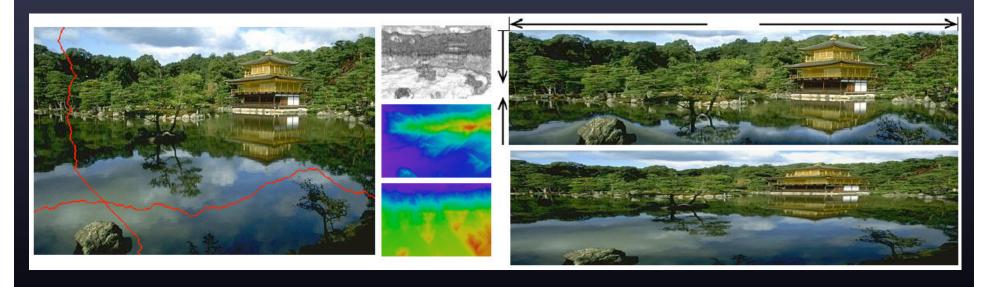
#### • Image Analysis & Enhancement

- Image Deblurring with Blurred/Noisy Image Pairs
- Photo Clip Art
- Scene Completion Using Millions of Photographs
- Image Slicing & Stretching
  - Soft Scissors: An Interactive Tool for Realtime High Quality Matting
  - Seam Carving for Content-Aware Image Resizing
- Light Field & High-Dynamic-Range Imaging
  - Veiling Glare in High-Dynamic-Range Imaging
  - Ldr2Hdr: On-the-Fly Reverse Tone Mapping of Legacy Video and Photographs
- Appearance Capture & Editing
  - Multiscale Shape and Detail Enhancement from Multi-light Image Collections

- Computational Cameras
  - Active Refocusing of Images and Videos
  - Multi-Aperture Photography
  - Dappled Photography: Mask-Enhanced Cameras for Heterodyned Light Fields and Coded Aperture Refocusing
  - Image and Depth from a Conventional Camera with a Coded Aperture
- Big Images
  - Capturing and Viewing Gigapixel Images
  - Efficient Gradient-Domain Compositing Using Quadtrees
  - Image Upsampling via Imposed Edge Statistics
  - Joint Bilateral Upsampling
- Video Processing
  - Factored Time-Lapse Video
  - Computational Time-Lapse Video
  - Real-Time Edge-Aware Image Processing With the Bilateral Grid

Film-like Photography	Computational Photography					
with bits	С	Smart Light				
Digital Photography	Computational Processing	Computational Imaging/Optics	Computational Sensor	Computational Illumination		
Image processing applied to captured images to produce better images.	Processing of a set of captured images to create new images.	Capture of optically coded images and computational decoding to produce new images.	Detectors that combine sensing and processing to create smart pixels.	Adapting and Controlling Illumination to Create revealing image		
Examples: Interpolation, Filtering, Enhancement, Dynamic Range Compression, Color Management, Morphing, Hole Filling, Artistic Image Effects, Image Compression, Watermarking.	Examples: Mosaicing, Matting, Super-Resolution, Multi-Exposure HDR, Light Field from Mutiple View, Structure from Motion, Shape from X.	Examples: Coded Aperture, Optical Tomography, Diaphanography, SA Microscopy, Integral Imaging, Assorted Pixels, Catadioptric Imaging, Holographic Imaging.	Examples: Artificial Retina, Retinex Sensors, Adaptive Dynamic Range Sensors, Edge Detect Chips, Focus of Expansion Chips, Motion Sensors.	Examples: Flash/no flash, Lighting domes, Multi-flash for depth edges, Dual Photos, Polynomial texture Maps, 4D light source		
[Nayar, Tumblin]						

- <u>to compress</u>: remove pixels along lowest-energy seams, ordered using dynamic programming
- <u>to expand</u>: insert pixels along seams that, if removed in order, would yield the original image



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- Find the missing shoe! (original in upper-left)



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#### Removing camera shake [Fergus SIGGRAPH 2006]



image with camera shake

Photoshop Unsharp Mask

deconvolution

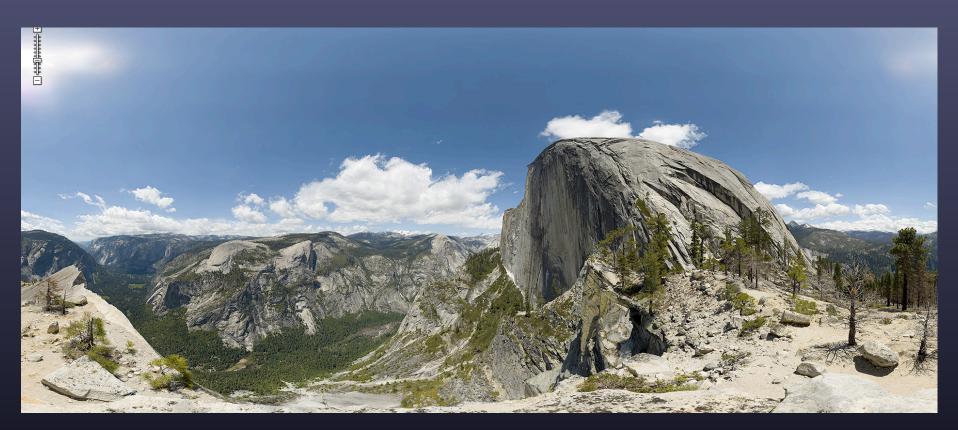


blur kernel

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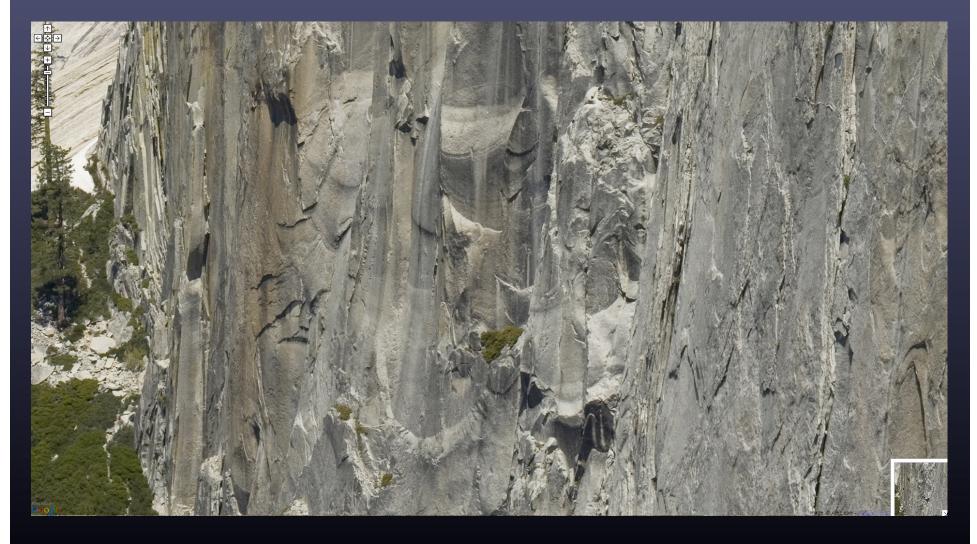
The camera



A gigapixel image of Half Dome

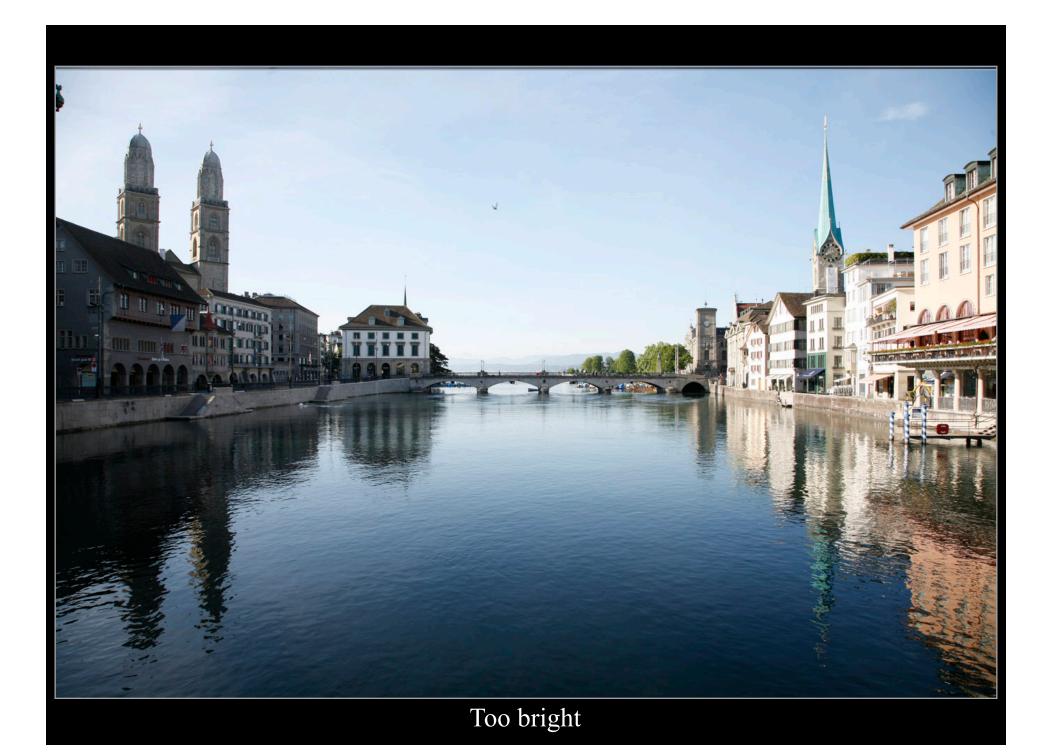
© 2007 Marc Levoy





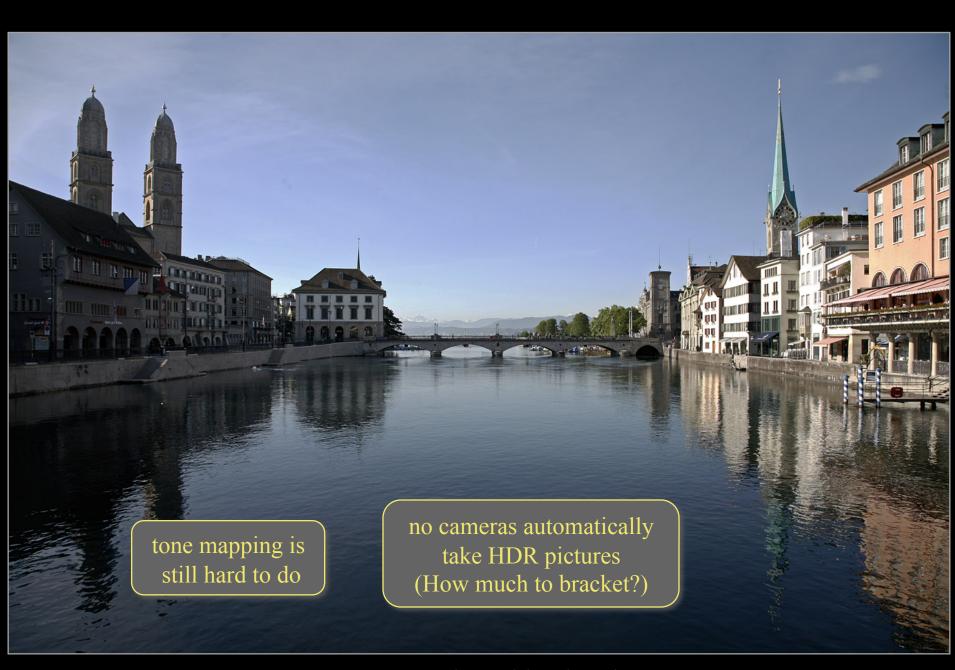
## High dynamic range (HDR) imaging







Tone mapped combination, but...



Tone mapped combination, but...

#### Image stacks [Agarwala SIGGRAPH 2004]





- multi-shot images
  - shoot until
     everybody
     has smiled
     at least once





#### Image stacks [Agarwala SIGGRAPH 2004]



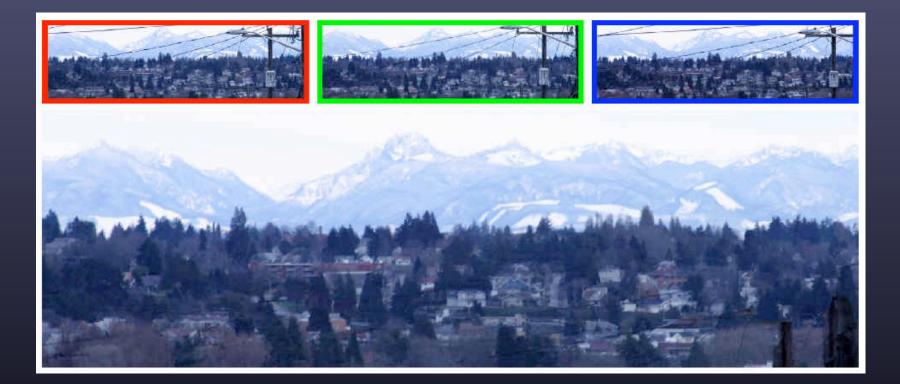
- segment

#### Digital Photomontage [Agarwala SIGGRAPH 2004]



#### - assemble

#### Digital Photomontage [Agarwala SIGGRAPH 2004]



 remove foreground objects that don't appear in all shots as the camera translates (based on median filter)

#### Removing camera shake (again)

• deconvolve long-exposure (blurred) image, using short-exposure (noisy) image as prior [Yuan SIGGRAPH 2007]



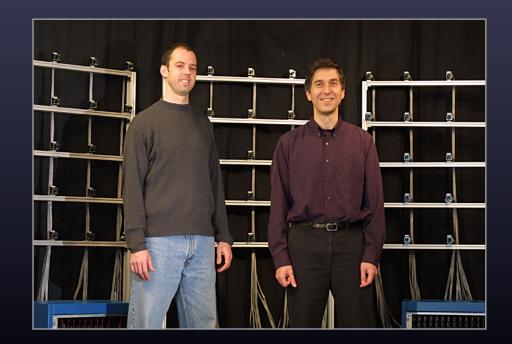
long exposure (blurry) short exposure (dark) same, scaled up (noisy) joint deconvolution

#### Stanford Multi-Camera Array [Wilburn SIGGRAPH 2005]

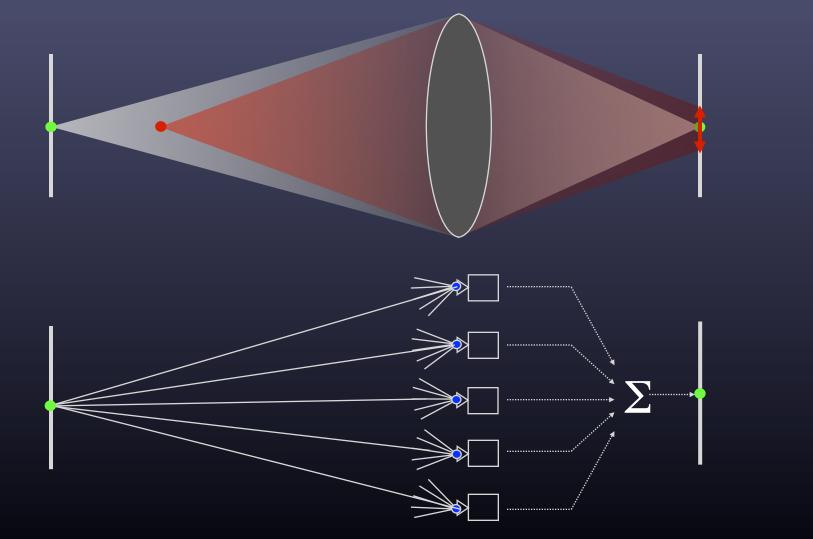
640 × 480 pixels ×
 30 fps × 128 cameras

- synchronized timing
- continuous streaming
- flexible arrangement





## Synthetic aperture photography



#### Example using 45 cameras [Vaish CVPR 2004]







one camera's view



synthetic aperture view

(movie is available at http://graphics.stanford.edu/projects/array)

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[Nayar, Tumblin						

# Light field photography using a handheld plenoptic camera

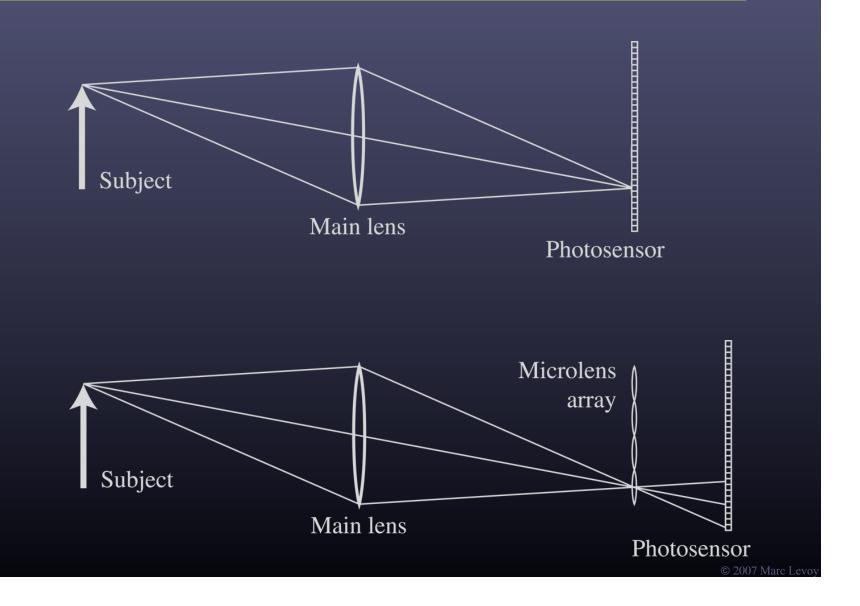
Ren Ng, Marc Levoy, Mathieu Brédif, Gene Duval, Mark Horowitz and Pat Hanrahan

> (Proc. SIGGRAPH 2005 and TR 2005-02)





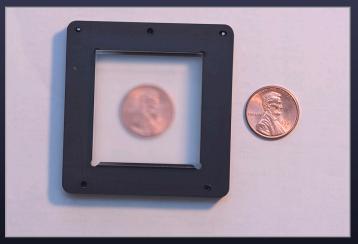
#### Plenoptic camera [Ng SIGGRAPH 2005]



#### Prototype camera



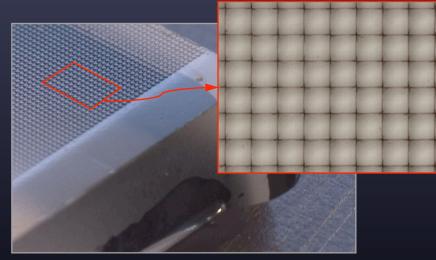
Contax medium format camera



Adaptive Optics microlens array



Kodak 16-megapixel sensor

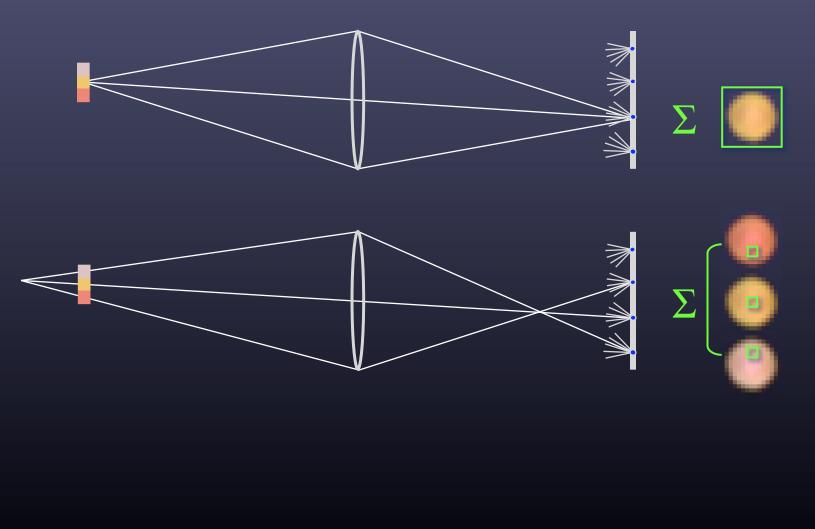


125µ square-sided microlenses

 $4000 \times 4000 \text{ pixels} \div 292 \times 292 \text{ lenses} = 14 \times 14 \text{ pixels per lens}$ 

Typical image captured by camera (show here at low res)

## Digital refocusing



## Example of digital refocusing



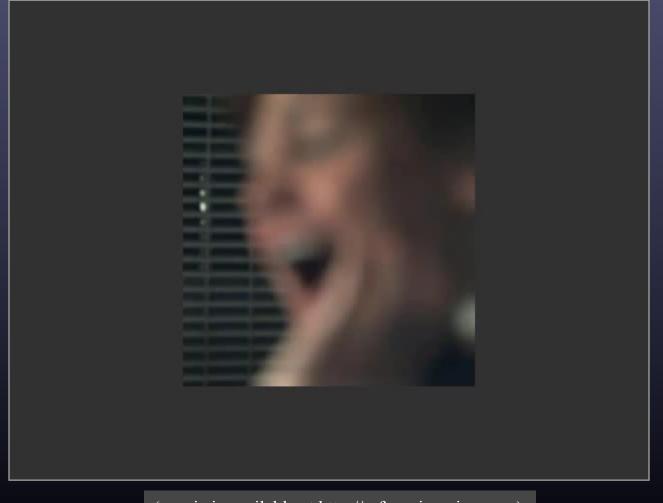








## Refocusing portraits

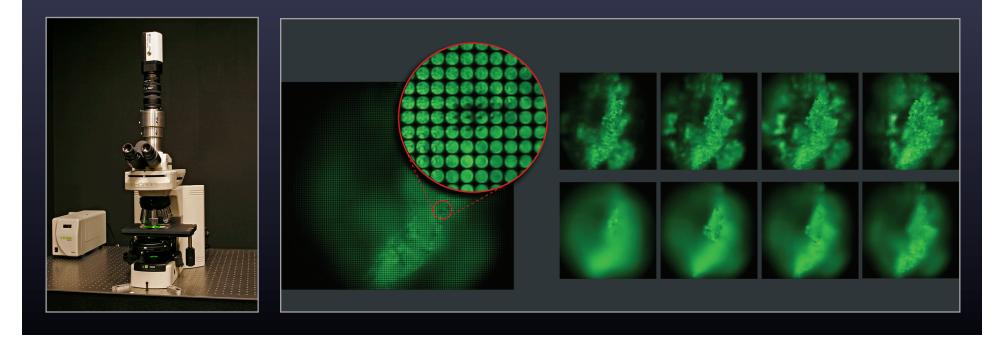


(movie is available at http://refocusimaging.com)

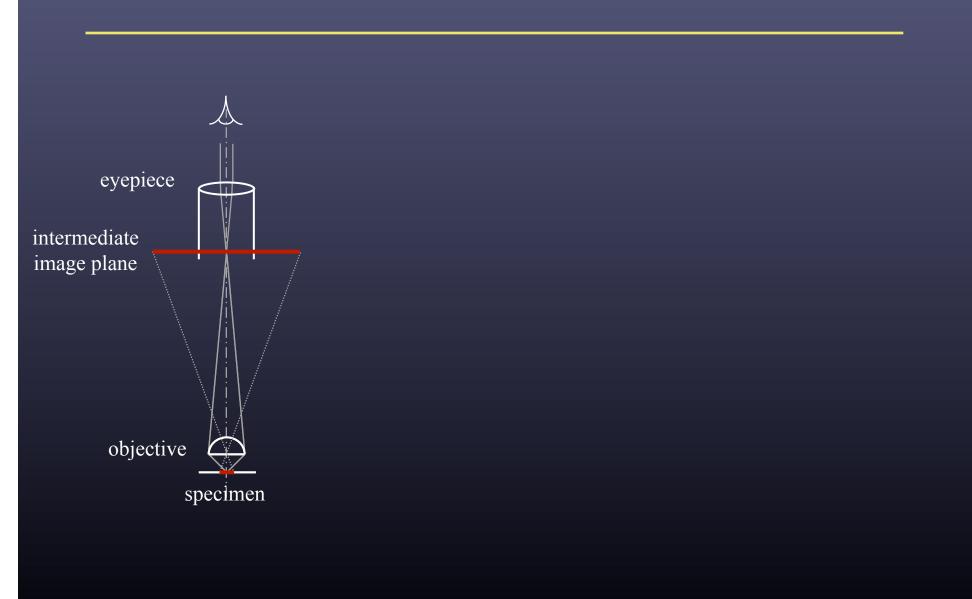
### Light Field Microscopy

Marc Levoy, Ren Ng, Andrew Adams, Matthew Footer, and Mark Horowitz

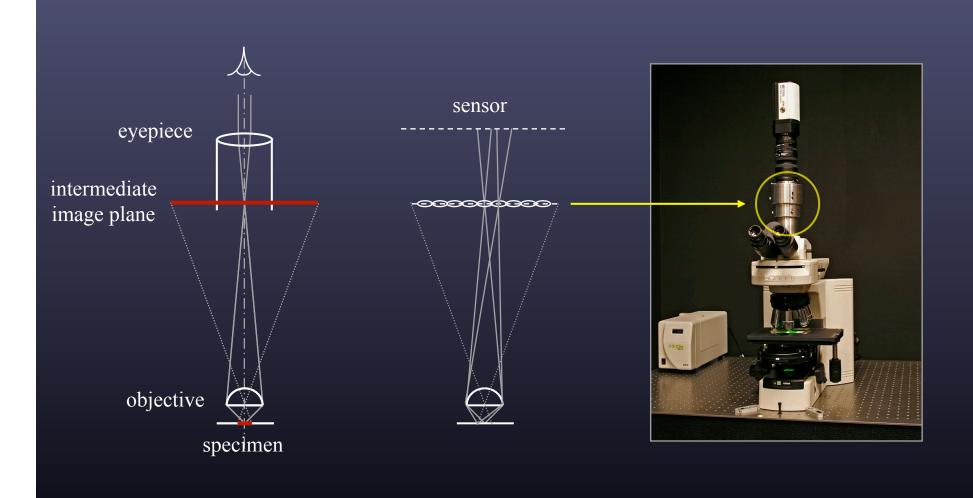
(Proc. SIGGRAPH 2006)



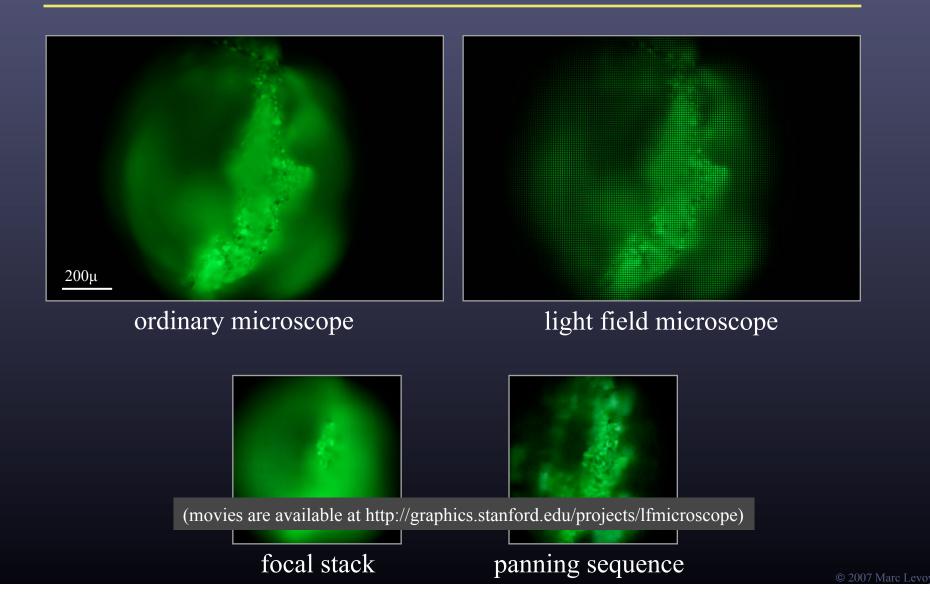
### A traditional microscope



## A light field microscope (LFM)



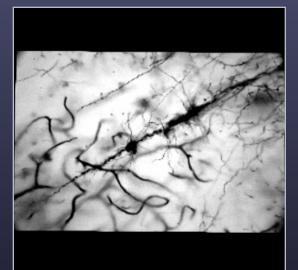
### Example light field micrograph



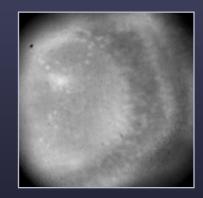
### Other examples



fern spore (60x, autofluorescence)



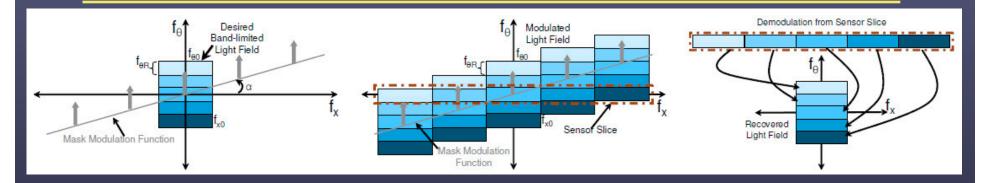
Golgi-stained neurons (40x, transmitted light)



zebrafish optic tectum (calcium imaging of neural activity)

(movies are available at http://graphics.stanford.edu/projects/lfmicroscope)

### Alternatives to microlenses

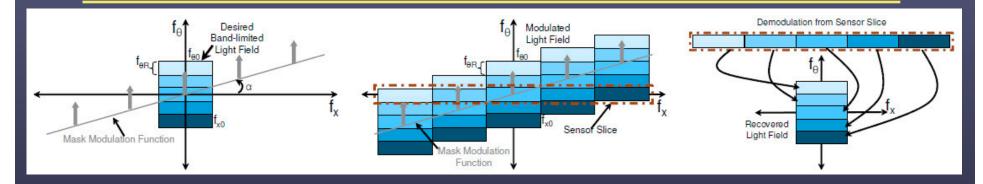


• heterodyning using structured masks [Veeraraghavan & Raskar SIGGRAPH 2007]

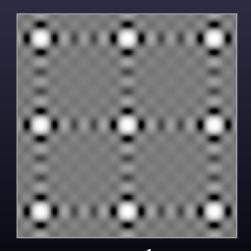


© 2007 Marc Levoy

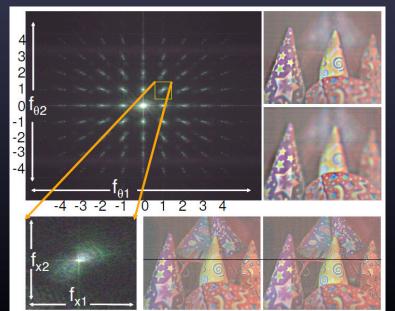
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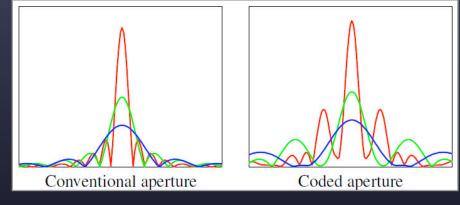


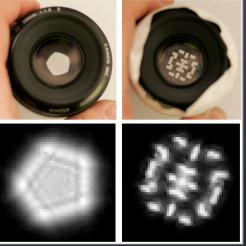
mask



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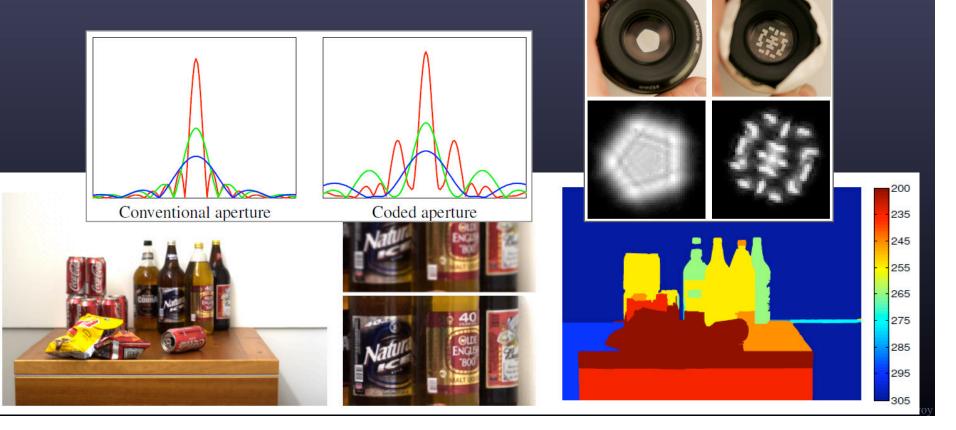
#### • binary mask at the aperture plane [Levin & Fergus SIGGRAPH 2007]

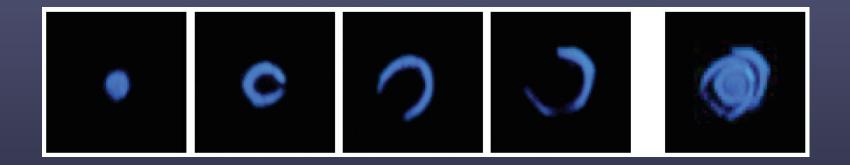




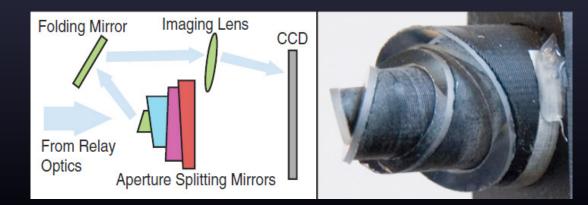
Fourier transforms of blur patterns for different amounts of defocus (note locations of zeros)

• binary mask at the aperture plane [Levin & Fergus SIGGRAPH 2007]

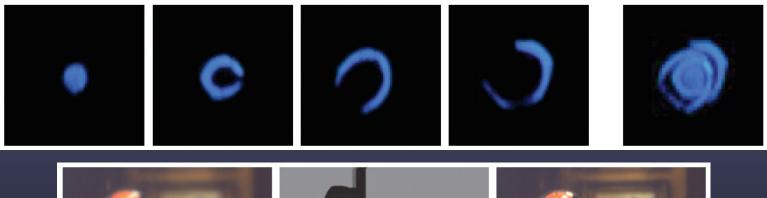




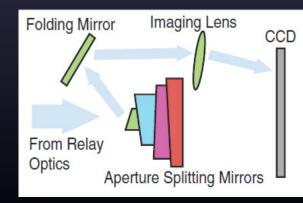
• multiple concentric annulus apertures [Green & Durand SIGGRAPH 2007]



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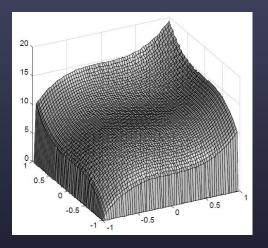




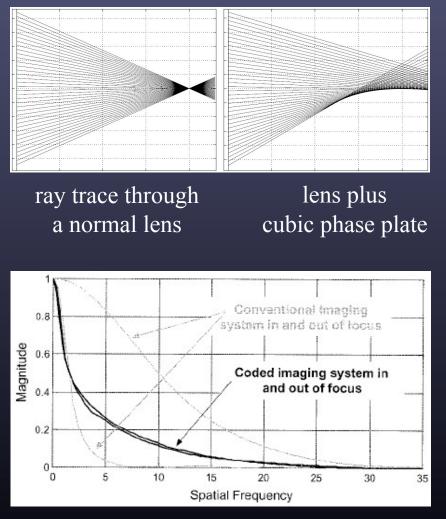


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#### Wavefront coding [Dowski 1995]

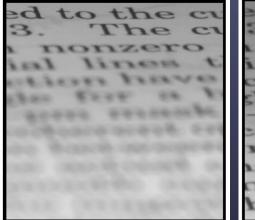


profile of cubic phase plate

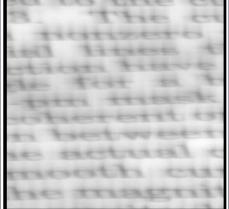


MTFs through lens and cubic phase plate

#### Wavefront coding [Dowski 1995]



to the



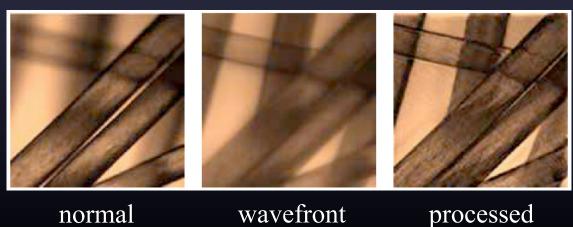
the 881238

normal lens

#### stopped down

wavefront coded

#### after processing

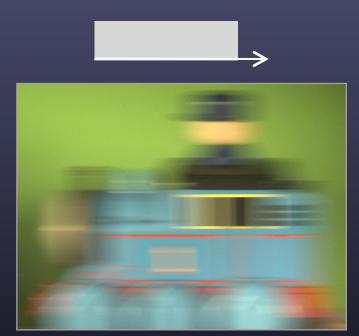


wavefront

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				[Nayar, Tumblin]

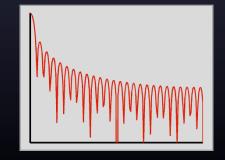
#### Coded-exposure photography [Raskar SIGGRAPH 2006]

#### continuous shutter



# fluttered shutter



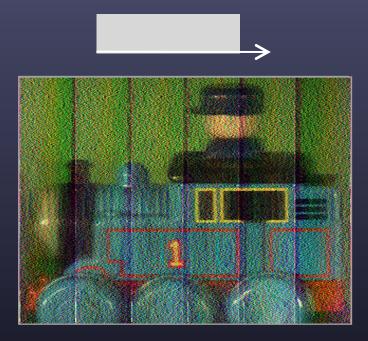


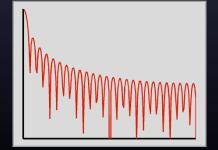
Fourier transforms

haman

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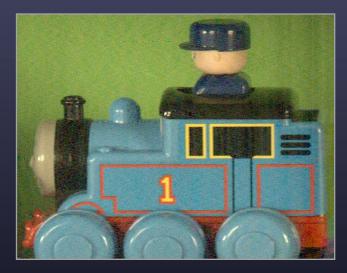
#### continuous shutter





Fourier transforms

# fluttered shutter



homon





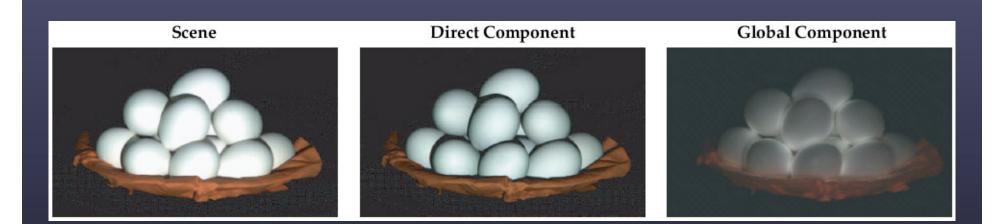
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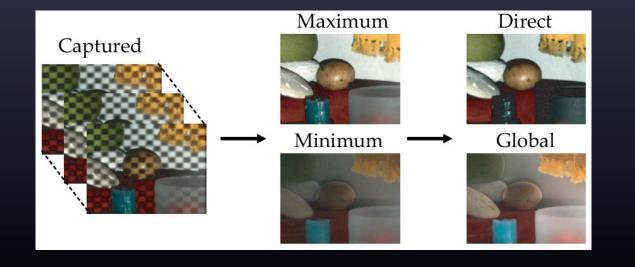
#### Flash-noflash photography [Agrawal SIGGRAPH 2005]



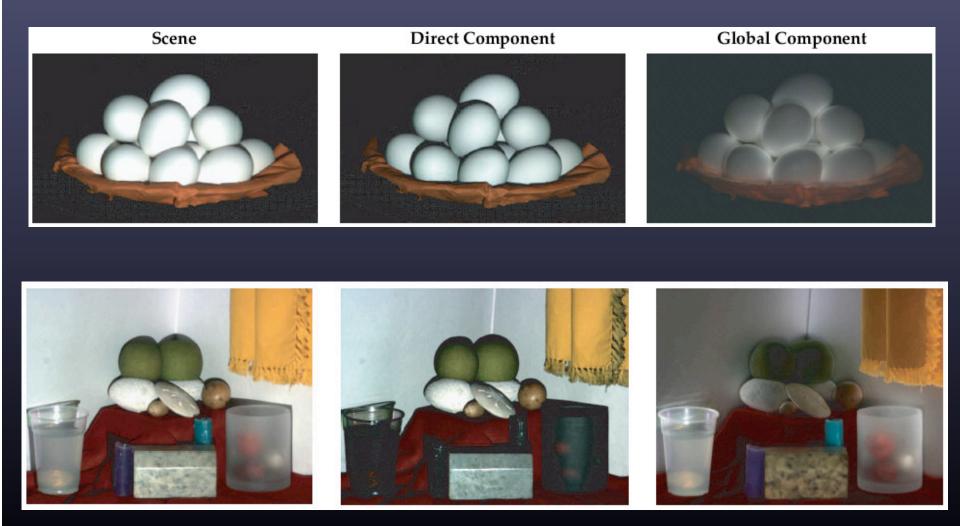
 compute ambient + flash – features in sum that don't appear in ambient alone (as determined from image gradients) (except where ambient image is nearly black)

#### Separation of direct and global reflections [Nayar SIGGRAPH 2006]





### Separation of direct and global reflections [Nayar SIGGRAPH 2006]



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# Other applications of structured masks conjugate to the <u>scene</u> (not the aperture)

- using structured illumination to separate singly from multiply scattered light in 3D scenes [Nayar SIGGRAPH 2006]
- using a structured mask to reduce veiling glare in cameras, i.e. scattering in the camera body & optics [Talvala SIGGRAPH 2007]



### Large online photo collections

- Facebook
  - 3 billion photos
- Flickr
  - 9 billion photos
- Google Library Project
  - -50 million books  $\times$  300 pages = 15 billion images
- Google Earth
- Google StreetView Project
  - formerly the Stanford CityBlock Project

# Computational photography using online photograph collections

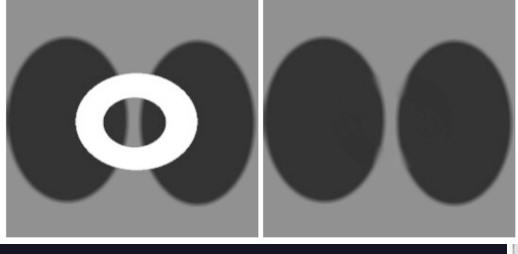
- scene completion
- texture synthesis
- image-based image search

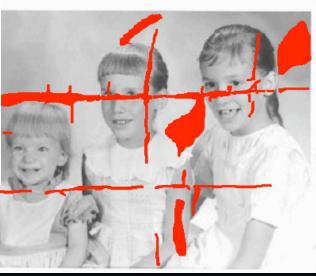
# Image inpainting / image completion

extrapolation along isophotes

 + anisotropic diffusion
 to prevent crossings
 [Bertalmio & Sapiro SIGGRAPH 2000]





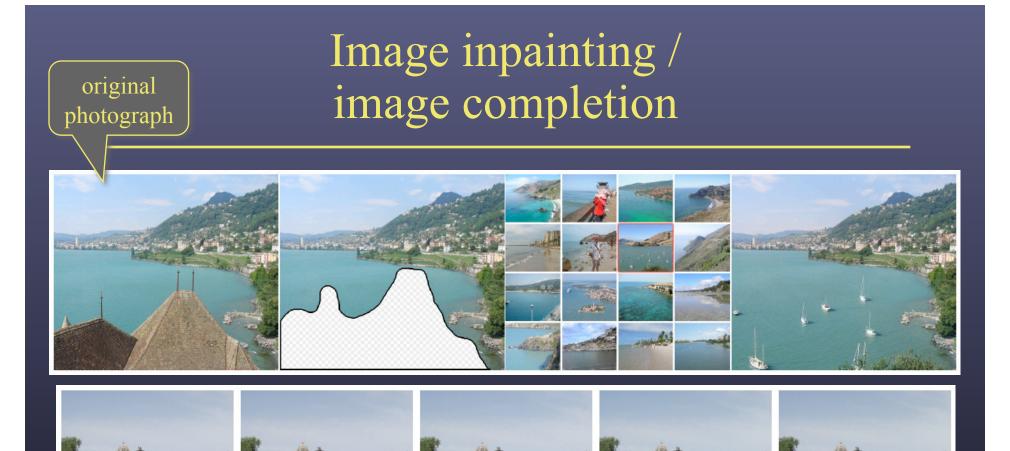


## Image inpainting / image completion

- extrapolation along isophotes

   + anisotropic diffusion
   to prevent crossings
   [Bertalmio & Sapiro SIGGRAPH 2000]
- extrapolation for structure (from edge-preserving smoothing)
   + texture synthesis for the rest [Bertalmio & Sapiro CVPR 2003]

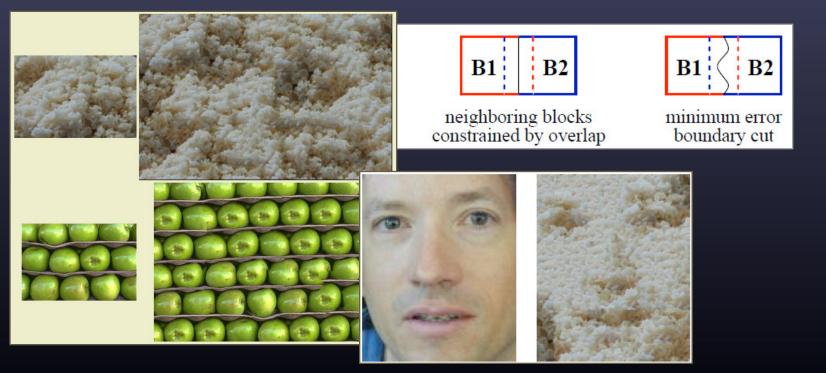




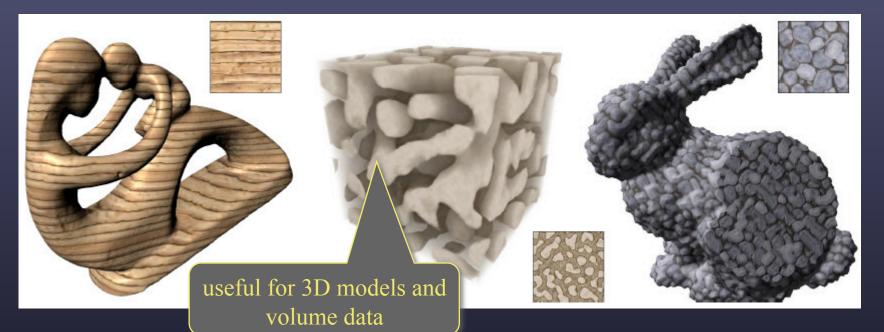
search for matches from a <u>large</u> database
 + seam finding using graph-cut algorithm
 + gradient blending & integration
 [Hays & Efros SIGGRAPH 2007]

## App #2 for large image collections: texture synthesis

 tiling from exemplar with overlaps ("quilting")
 + seam-finding using graph-cut algorithm [Efros & Freeman SIGGRAPH 2001]



## App #2 for large image collections: texture synthesis



 neighborhood search from 3D exemplar
 + histogram matching to enforce appearance [Kopf et al. SIGGRAPH 2007]

### App #3: image-based image search



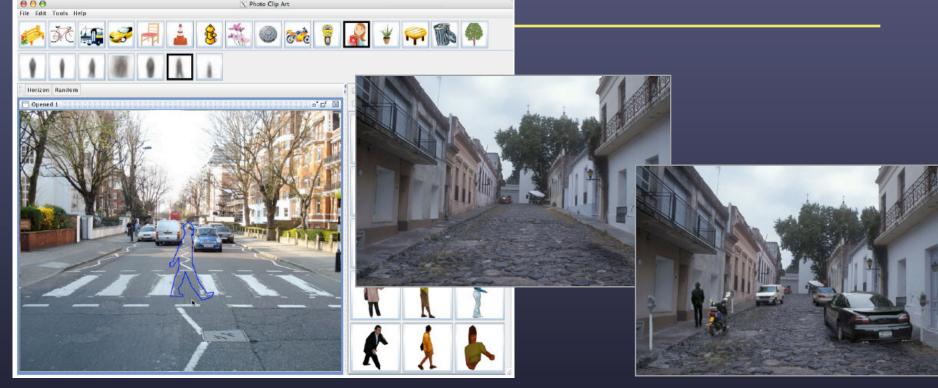
text only (left) and text + "look like" (right)



 search on text tags + feature-based classification using categories learned from manually tagged training sets [hot topic in CVPR community]

behold™
find images tagged with (can be blank)
that look like a picture of (a) *anything*
and are free to use
Searching 1,040,000 high quality images from Flickr
© 2005-2007 About Behold Blog Discussion Chat to the developer

### App #3: image-based image search



segmentation of "photo clip art" from background
+ estimation of object size, orientation, and lighting
+ gradient blending & integration
[Lalonde & Efros SIGGRAPH 2007]

# Other applications of image-based image-search

- Tell me about this building/painting.
- Where have I seen this person before?
- Find this (broken part) in an online catalog.
- Show me an online review of this restaurant.